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The title is no longer than 15 words

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Abstract. The body of the abstract is typed in 10-point Cambria letters in a paragraph with single space and justify format. The abstract explained the introduction, gaps, research aims, methods, main findings, and conclusions. Avoid using unfamiliar abbreviations and citations. The abstract should be written in 150-250 words.

Keywords:

Keyword 1; Keyword 2; Keyword 3; Keyword 4; Keyword 5 (written in 3 to 5 words using Cambria 11 and separated by semicolon) Sudah direvisi

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INTRODUCTION (Cambria 11, Justify, and UPPERCASE word format)

The article should be written in English, comprising 3500-5000 words. The other writing format that needs to be followed is using 11-point of Cambria letters with 1,15 spaces in justify format. Every first paragraph is written without any indented format; the indented format is written for the next paragraph. The margin and other formats for this article follow this template's set.

This part also elaborates on relevant previous studies from the literature review as a theoretical basis. These all are written in several paragraphs without any **making a subchapter**.

The researchers also need to mention the research's aim and novelty. Therefore, researchers are required to use a suitable citation style. The researcher should use APA Citation 6th edition for in-text citations and the reference list. For example:

- 1. For a single author, use the author's last name and year (Wilen, 1991),
- For two authors, use the author's last name separated by "&" then followed by the year (Rais & Widodo, 2019),
- For a reference with up to five authors, use the first author's last name followed by et al. and year (Ningsih et al., 2014),
- For more than one reference, put them in alphabetical order with the following pattern (Awwalia & Suhardi, 2020; Nation & Macalister, 2010; Ningsih et al., 2014; Rais & Widodo, 2019; Sumarwati & Budiyono, 2015; Wijana, 2015; Wilen, 1991).

METHOD (Cambria 11, Justify, and UPPERCASE word format)

Researchers need to explain in detail how to conduct the research. In this section, the research design, research time, population and sample or subject, instruments, and data analysis procedure



must be elaborated clearly in several paragraphs. Do not **make a subchapter** for the **METHOD** section.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION (Cambria 11, Justify, and UPPERCASE word format)

This chapter contains the results of research findings and a discussion of the findings obtained. The discussions are presented systematically from general to specific. Results and discussions must also interconnect with the theory used.

The data can be presented in the format of a table and diagram. The researcher can follow the writing examples if tables, pictures, or charts are available in the article.

Table 1. Name of Table (Cambria 11, with Capital Each Word, and centre text format)

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No.	Description
1	The content of the table should be written using 10-point of Cambria letters in single
2	space. The content of the table should be written using 10-point of Cambria letters in single
3	space. The content of the table should be written using 10-point of Cambria letters in single space.

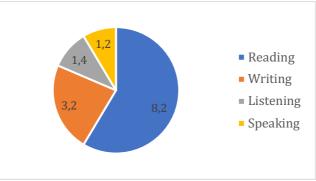


Figure 1. Example of Diagram

If available, the researcher can add the voice transcription that the researcher got from the interview with the respondent.

This is an example of the voice transcription that the researcher got from the interview with the respondent. It is written by following the format that has been provided. **TR1**

In this section, the **researchers can add a subchapter if needed**. The writing format that can be followed is available below.

1. Sub Heading A

Sub Heading A is an example of a direct derivative from the Results and Discussion Chapter. This sub-chapter is written in bold Cambrian with a capital letter at the beginning of each word.

a. Sub Heading A.1

Sub-chapter A.1 is an example of a derivative from sub-chapter A. This sub-chapter is written in Cambrian letters with a capital letter at the beginning of each word.

1) Sub Heading A.1.1

Sub-chapter A.1.1 is an example of a derivative from sub-chapter A.1. This sub-chapter is written in Cambrian letters and italicized with a capital letter at the beginning of each word. In addition, if there are points not written in paragraph form, the format is as follows.

-

- **CONCLUSION** (Cambria 11, Justify, and UPPERCASE word format)

Conclusions should answer the objectives of research. Tells how your work advances the field from the present state of knowledge. Without clear Conclusions, reviewers and readers will find it difficult to judge the work, and whether or not it merits publication in the journal. Do not repeat the Abstract, or just list experimental results. Provide a clear scientific justification for your work, and indicate possible applications and extensions. You should also suggest future experiments and/or point out those that are underway.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (this chapter is optional; Cambria 11, Justify, and UPPERCASE word format)

Recognize those who helped in the research, especially funding supporters of your research. Include individuals who have assisted you in your study: Advisors, Financial supporters, or may other supporter i.e. and Suppliers who may have given materials.

REFERENCES (Cambria 11, Justify, and UPPERCASE word format)

References are written in APA style. The researcher should write the article with a **minimum of 15 references**. **Reference manager apps (such as Mendeley or Zotero) are suggested**. Below are examples of the APA style.

Abbas, M. F. F., & Fathira, V. (2020). Implementation of Android Application to Solve The Students' Pronunciation of Ending –Ed. *English Review: Journal of English Education*, 8(2), 265–272. https://doi.org/10.25134/erjee.v8i2.2648

Alizamar, & Couto, N. (2016). Psikologi persepsi & desain informasi. Media Akademi.